



## HWRD Rule Quiz

10 points out of 10

100%

(OPTIONAL) What is your email?

A37 is serving a minor penalty. While she is serving this penalty, she is assessed a Misconduct. How does the referee handle this situation with regards to another player serving the minor penalty? (Rule 4.7, Interpretation 2)

Correct

- The player serves both the penalties without a teammate serving.
- Another player serves the time remaining time in the minor penalty while A37 serves the Misconduct + time remaining on minor penalty.
- Another player serves the misconduct while A37 serves the Misconduct + time remaining on minor penalty.



Team A shoots the puck from their side of the red line. Team B goalie comes out of her crease as though to play the puck, but does not and the puck goes over the goal line. Icing or no icing? (Rule 6.7c, iii)

Correct

- a) Call Icing. The goalie coming out of the crease does not cancel the icing.
- b) Call icing. Only wave off the icing if the goalie touches the puck before going it goes over the goal line.
- c) No icing. As soon as the goalie leaves the crease, wave off the icing.
- d) Call icing unless the puck goes in the net, in which case call a goal.
- e) a, b, and d are all correct.



Play starts and the official notices that one team has too many players on the ice. At what point must a penalty be assessed? (Rule 10.7, Interpretation 1)

Correct

- A penalty must be assessed as soon as the puck is dropped.

A penalty must be assessed if play is not stopped immediately and the error corrected.



This error was made by the official, therefore, stop play and correct the number of players. Reset the clock to replay the time. No penalty.

**What is the determining factor for the height of the stick for stopping play on a puck contacted by a high stick? (Rule 6.9)**

Correct

a) The cross bar.

b) The height of the opponent's shoulders.

c) The height of the shoulders belonging to the player who struck the puck with his stick.



**The following penalties were assessed at 4:00: A8 - 2 + 2, A9 - 2 (in that order). At 3:00 B scores. Who returns to the ice? (Rule 4.5, situations 6 and 7)**

Correct

a) A8

b) A9, to end the 2 man advantage.

c) No one. No changes to the penalties.

d) No one, A8's first penalty is terminated. A9's penalty continues. Team A continues to kill a 5-3.



e) A8 and A9 both come on.

**State your decision: During a line change, the player stepping on the ice does so while the player coming off the ice is less than 10 feet from the gate. The player leaving the ice is accidentally struck by the puck. (Rule 10.7)**

Correct

Stop play, no penalty but conduct faceoff at nearest Neutral Zone dot.

Allow play to continue as there is no infraction.



Stop play-assess too many player penalty

Put a penalty on delay and stop play at appropriate time to assess penalty.

Select all the penalty options available

Select all the penalty options available for spearing depending on the circumstances and intensity. (Rule 9.4)

Correct

- Minor
- Double-Minor
- Major & Game Misconduct
- Match
- Double-Minor & Gross Misconduct
- Minor and Game Misconduct



At a stoppage of play, it becomes apparent the player is injured. Play was not stopped as a result of the injury and the coach comes on ice to help. Does that player have to leave the ice? (Rule 2.4b Interpretation 1 & 2)

Correct

- a) Yes, because coach/trainer came on the ice
- b) Yes, because injury delayed start of play
- c) Only if the player is faking
- d) Either b) or c) but not a)
- e) Either a) or b) but not c)



A defending player high sticks the puck in his defending zone and the puck deflects to his own teammate. When is play stopped? (Rule 6.9a)

Correct

- After a teammate receives the puck and advances the puck to the neutral zone.
- After a teammate takes possession and control of the puck without the other team doing so first
- As soon as the high stick occurs.
- If the offending team touches the puck before the other team.
- If the other team gains control of puck.




During a faceoff, which center is required to place his or her stick blade in the correct position first? (Rule 6.2)

Correct

- The home center places his or her stick down first regardless of faceoff location.

If in an end zone, then the defensive player. If in the neutral zone then the visiting team.

The visiting center places his or her stick down first regardless of faceoff location. 

If in an end zone, then the offensive player. If in the neutral zone then the visiting team.

The message has been sent from 24.77.58.107 (Canada) at 2025-01-04 07:40:35 on Firefox 133.0  
Entry ID: 1168