

Cheat Sheet for Section 11: Maltreatment

Pre-Amble

Increase penalty severity if maltreatment does not stop This document means to give officials a simple resource for the penalties to be assessed when a player, coach, or spectator is acting in an unsportsmanlike, abusive, or harassing way. This document does not mean to replace section 11 of the Hockey Canada Rule book.

The table of penalty options for maltreatment¹

Here are the three ways to use this table:

- 1. For players and coaches, start at the top of the column (minor penalty) for the first instance of maltreatment then move down the column using the next level of penalty for the next situation of maltreatment.
 - a. Minor \rightarrow Misconduct (for players) \rightarrow Game Misconduct \rightarrow Gross Misconduct.
 - b. A Match penalty is never used for escalating the severity of the penalty.
- 2. For coaches and players, when you feel the situation immediately requires a specific type of penalty, then go directly to that type of penalty rather than starting with a less severe penalty.
- 3. For spectators, you eject them for maltreatment. There is no penalty.

Options for a player committing maltreatment	Options for a coach committing Maltreatment	Option for a spectator committing maltreatment
Minor penalty	Bench minor penalty	Identify the spectator who is
10-minute misconduct	You may not assess a 10- minute misconduct	committing maltreatment and ask them to leave. Then
Game Misconduct	Game Misconduct	retreat to a position away
Gross Misconduct (for	Gross Misconduct (for	from the fans and let them
discrimination or making a	discrimination or making a	leave. Do not engage them.
travesty of the game)	travesty of the game)	
Stop increasing intensity at Gross Misconduct. The Match		See the button called
penalty (below) is only for threats or attempt to injure.		"removing someone" on
Match penalty (for verbal	Match penalty (for verbal	wpgrefs.com/referee-
threats or attempt to injure	threats or attempt to injure	maltreatment.
another person)	another person)	

Reminder: you never give a verbal warning before assessing a penalty or ejecting a spectator. You never need to say, "if you don't stop, I will penalize (or eject) you." Make the call.

¹ You can find examples and more detailed explanations on <u>www.wpgrefs.com/referee-maltreatment</u>